

Student's Name:

Module 1 Review Quiz

1. Which of the following regulatory system components is enacted through legislative action:
  - a. Laws
  - b. Regulations
  - c. Rules
  - d. Voluntary consensus standards
  
2. When a federal agency, state or municipal government adopts a consensus standard by reference, the document becomes a:
  - a. Recommended practice
  - b. Performance-based code
  - c. Regulation
  - d. Formal interpretation
  
3. Which of the following laws is known as the "Superfund" law:
  - a. Oil Pollution Act of 1990
  - b. The Clean Air Act
  - c. The Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (1976)
  - d. The Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (1980)
  
4. Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (29 CFR 1910.120), also known as HAZWOPER, is enforced in many states by:
  - a. FEMA
  - b. OSHA
  - c. EPA
  - d. DOT
  
5. Which of the following groups is responsible for developing and maintaining the state's emergency response plan:
  - a. Regional Response Team
  - b. Chemical Emergency Preparedness and Prevention Office

- c. Local Emergency Planning Committee
  - d. State Emergency Response Commission
6. Which of the following groups is responsible for coordinating the Community Right-to-Know aspects of SARA, Title III:
- a. Local Emergency Planning Committee
  - b. State Department of the Environment
  - c. Office of Hazardous Materials Safety
  - d. Chemical Emergency Preparedness and Prevention Office
7. Which of the following organizations assumes the role as federal On-Scene Coordinator (OSC) when the incident is a terrorism-related event:
- a. U.S. Coast Guard
  - b. National Response Team
  - c. Federal Bureau of Investigation
  - d. Defense Threat Reduction Agency
8. Which of the following organizations develop voluntary consensus standards concerning hazardous materials:
- a. National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA)
  - b. Compressed Gas Association (CGA)
  - c. American Petroleum Institute (API)
  - d. All the above
9. There are four key elements in a hazardous materials management systems approach – 1) planning and preparedness; 2) prevention; 3) response; and:
- a. Inspection and enforcement
  - b. Clean-up and recovery
  - c. Critique
  - d. Event tree analysis
- 10 Risk analysis assesses two considerations – 1) the probability or likelihood of an accidental release, and 2):
- a. The adequacy of response capabilities
  - b. The size/extent of vulnerability zones
  - c. The actual consequences that might occur

d. The potential environmental impact